

TODAY'S NEWS TODAY—
You get it in the HERALD.
Fifty cents a month or 15 cents
a week delivered at your door;
fifty cents by mail.

Albuquerque Evening Herald

TRIBUNE-CITIZEN.
Vol. 26, No. 56.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 3, 1914.

TEN PAGES TODAY

CORNS

Have no ter-
rors for Rosy
Jones.

TWO THOUSAND TERRIFIED MEXICAN REFUGEES SEEK SANCTUARY IN UNITED STATES BORDER PATROL AND RED CROSS TAXED TO LIMIT TO HANDLE CROWD

Federal Deserters and Half Starved Women and Children Flock Across Rio Grande to Escape Hail of Bullets at Battle of Ojinaga; Savage Fighting Continues on Both Sides With Outcome of Engagement in Doubt and Six or Seven Hundred Casualties in Both Armies.

FEDERALES DOGGEDLY PUMP LEAD OUT OF ENTRENCHMENTS IN SPITE OF RAIN OF SHELLS FROM CONSTITUTIONALISTS

Scattering Bullets Fall on American Side and Texas Commissioner Stands Within 100 Yards of Exploding Shell, But No One Is Hurt; Federal Paymaster Arrives With \$145,000 in Hope Jingle of Shekels Will Revive Courage of Defenders.

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)

Presidio, Texas, Jan. 3.—Two thousand Mexican refugees, including half starved women and children and some federal deserters rushed across the river to the United States today to seek protection from the battle at Ojinaga, Mexico, opposite here.

The refugees were scattered without shelter along the river bank for two miles, while the heavy artillery fire between the 4,000 federals in the trenches at Ojinaga and General Ortega's attacking rebel forces continued less than a mile back from the American border. The arrival of so many unfed and ragged people imposed an arduous task upon the United States border patrol and the Red Cross officials who are here. As many as could be induced to go were sent to walk the distance to Marfa, Texas, 67 miles. Meantime, the little mission church of Presidio was crowded with wounded.

Instructions came from Washington today to hold all prisoners all deserters who cross the river. Therefore the border patrol has disarmed and sent back un wounded deserters.

Major Gustav H. Schoop, of the Canadian mounted rangers who is one of the military observers here, returned from an inspection of conditions in Ojinaga which he saw through a telescope. He reported that the federal outer fortifications were in an irrigation ditch which partly encircled the village. From this they were firing 12 and 20-pound guns. W. H. Cleveland, commissioner of this county who crossed to confer with General Ortega was within 100 yards of an exploding shell. Major Schoop said there were not fewer than six or seven hundred casualties on both sides, as he had seen numerous rebels roll down the hillside under the federal fire. Both sides, however, he said, were wasting ammunition. Savage fighting between rebels and federals at Ojinaga continued throughout the night and was still in progress this morning. The besieged federals, who were thrown into a panic at the first onslaught of the constitutionalists, today were resolutely staving off all attempts of the attacking army to drive them from the town.

Before daybreak, the artillery fire of the constitutionalists, which had continued all night, became more furious. A perfect rain of shells descended upon the federal entrenchments. Wounded soldiers who found their way across the river told the American Red Cross officials that the federal losses were heavy. During the night about 200 federals made a desperate sortie and, from the river bottom about a half mile from Ojinaga attempted to dislodge the rebels. But the constitutionalists opened fire upon them with machine guns and whipped them back with severe losses.

Scattering bullets fell on the American side of the line today, but no one was injured. Fresh Red Cross supplies, which had been urgently needed, arrived today. Nurses and physicians are preparing to care for the large number of wounded they expect to find on the field at the conclusion of the battle. The federal army paymaster with \$145,000 in Mexican currency, arrived from Marfa today. A report that the money had been stolen proved untrue. The money was rushed across the river in the hope of encouraging the federal soldiers. Generals Francisco Castro and Salvador Mercado sent word that they had no intention of abandoning the town.

The rebels have been reinforced until they numbered today 6,500. A fresh supply of ammunition is expected from Chihuahua.

FURTHER EXPLANATION OF DISARMING REFUGEES

Washington, Jan. 3.—Further official explanation of the action of the Texas border patrol in disarming Mexicans and forcing them back across the Rio Grande was received today from Brigadier General Russel H. Head.

"So far as we know at these headquarters what has been done at Presidio is in accord with the unbroken practice along the border. Any one seeking refuge or claiming asylum is received and protected. Frequently armed parties of federales or rebels cross without evident intent to surrender or seek asylum."

"If not found by our patrols, they cross back at convenient time and place. Their international status is that of armed invaders of United States territory. If caught by our patrols they are disarmed and either held or put back across the river, according to the circumstances of the case. Under no circumstances are they obliged to return where they can be taken by their enemies. Federales are sent over to the command from which they came and the same is true of the rebels. Depriving them of their arms is necessary."

"Any other rule will result in the big bend country being overrun with swarms of small armed parties of Mexicans terrorizing the people. To round them up would require all of Major McNamee's force and probably

Four Men Executed Who Yelled "Viva Orozco!"

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
Juarez, Mexico, Jan. 2.—Four men charged with having cried "Viva Orozco," the name of a general fighting with the federales at Ojinaga, were executed in an alley in Juarez today. The men were first held on suspicion of being Huerta sympathizers. In a fight preceding the execution a rebel lieutenant was fatally shot. The summary executions caused no comment in Juarez.

the event of a default in the interest on the Mexican debt. One view which was strongly supported by financiers who disapprove of Washington's policy toward Huerta, was that as the loan of 1910 is secured by 97 per cent of the Mexican customs and the loan of 1912 by 75 per cent, it would be the duty and privilege of the European governments whose subjects hold the bonds to seize the customs houses by international understanding and to collect the interest themselves.

The bankers holding this opinion also affirm that "the United States government could not blockade the ports of Mexico without destroying the value of the customs receipts mortgaged to foreign bondholders." These arguments will be presented again when the next international installments fall due, unless the situation is much changed in the interval. At the French foreign office it was said that the government has no sympathy with the views.

REBELS WITHDRAW FROM ATTACK ON NUEVO LAREDO

Laredo, Texas, Jan. 2.—Constitutionalists who for two days have unsuccessfully assaulted Nuevo Laredo have withdrawn and are encamped five miles east today. It was reported that they had been reinforced by 400 cavalry and 400 artillery and that the assault would be resumed today.

Rebel officials announced this afternoon that they would not renew their attack on Nuevo Laredo for two days. Within this time it is expected reinforcements of 2,000 will have reached Nuevo Laredo. Eight hundred of this number already are encamped here. The rebels say they met a much more stubborn resistance than they feared.

Two hundred rebel wounded are receiving care at improvised hospitals on this side of the border. Theirs in recent fighting included one Japanese.

AMERICANS WARNED NOT TO RETURN TO MEXICO

Washington, Jan. 3.—Warning to Americans who have left Mexico concerning returning to that country was issued late today by the state department. "The information in the possession of the department," says an official statement, "indicates that economic and political conditions have not changed in such a way as to justify an attempt to return to Mexico and resume industrial operations there, and that any purpose to take such a step is due to misunderstanding or to misrepresentations as to the actual conditions and prospect at the present moment."

30 MEXICAN PRISONERS ESCAPE AT BROWNSVILLE

Brownsville, Texas, Jan. 3.—Thirty-nine Mexican soldiers confined in the guardhouse at Fort Brown escaped last night and are believed to be trying to reach Nuevo Laredo. Of more than one hundred Mexican federals confined in Fort Brown six months ago, all but twenty have escaped. When constitutionalists captured Matamoras, Mexico, they crossed the river and surrendered.

Nellis Shoots Self While Hunting

Pawnee, Okla., Jan. 3.—George W. Nellis, for ten years distributing and disbursing agent at the Pawnee Indian agency, fatally shot himself while hunting near here today. Nellis was well known throughout the Indian country. He was 58 years old.

FOUR KILLED AND 50 WOUNDED WHEN PRISONERS MUTINY

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
Cairo, Egypt, Jan. 3.—Four convicts were killed and 50 seriously wounded today when the prisoners confined in the Tournal penitentiary mutinied and were fired on by the guards.

A conspiracy to break jail had been suspected and the convicts were paraded in the court yard of the prison. The warders began to search them and one of the prisoners struck a searcher.

This was the signal for a general onslaught on the warders by several hundred prisoners. The armed guards of the jail therupon mounted the high walls surrounding the courtyard and fired a warning volley of blank cartridges, which had no effect. The guards then loaded their magazine rifles with ball cartridges and fired several volleys into the closely packed mass.

The group of union labor leaders was to be strengthened by the arrival of John Mitchell, former vice president of the American Federation of Labor. It was uncertain however,

MOYER WILL GO BACK TO STRIKE REGION NEXT WEEK

Miners' Federation Chief, Undiscouraged by Beating will Defiance to Calumet Mob.

WILLING TO HELP IN PROBING EPISODE Implies That Deputy Who Dives Moyer's Story of Shooting Is Enterprising Liar.

GOVERNOR PEEVED AT FEDERAL INQUIRY

Michigan Executive, Nearly Exhausted by Strike Ordeal, Believes State Can Settle Own Troubles.

BY LEASED WIRE TO EVENING HERALD

Chicago, Jan. 3.—Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners who was shot, beaten and expelled from Calumet, Mich., a week ago, plans to return to the strike region the first of next week.

A meeting of the Michigan State Federation of Labor is to be held in Lansing some time before January 12 and Moyer plans to attend. The executive council of the American Federation of Labor also will be present.

Moyer said that as soon as he could finish pressing business in the strike region he would call the meeting of the Western Federation of Miners which had been appointed for the first Monday in January at Denver, Colo., but which had to be postponed because of the attack on him in Irons oak.

In his proposition in writing to the mine operators of the copper region to submit all points in controversy to a board of arbitration to be named by President Wilson and Governor Ferris of Michigan, Moyer said, as just as much in effect now as when it was written, two hours before he was attacked and beaten.

His proposition in writing to the mine operators of the copper region to submit all points in controversy to a board of arbitration to be named by President Wilson and Governor Ferris of Michigan, Moyer said, as just as much in effect now as when it was written, two hours before he was attacked and beaten.

Moyer said he approved the attitude of the Ishpeming and Negaunee iron miners of the Western Federation in voting yesterday to strike unless federal investigation of the copper strike was instituted.

"I trust, however," he said, "that any more strikes may be averted. If we cannot obtain arbitration in any other way we may attempt to call a general strike in Michigan, but any more strike will only come as our last resort."

There is still before the mine owners our proposal to submit everything to a board of arbitration. We submit everything to the board—wages, hours, conditions and recognition of the union. We hold out nothing, but put the men's affairs without reserve in the hands of the strike committee.

Referring to statements yesterday by Deputy Hinsley of Calumet in a telegram to Governor Ferris that Hinsley had rescued Moyer from a mob sent on lynching him, Moyer said that Hinsley was in Moyer's room at the time of the attack, knew who shot him and superintended the whole affair. Moyer said he would be glad to co-operate with Special Prosecutor Nichols of Houghton County in investigating the attack.

"I assume that Mr. Nichols as a public officer is eager to do his duty," said Moyer. "He will soon have my assistance in his endeavors."

Moyer's son said today that the plot to wound the patient's back in healing without complication and that Moyer will be on his feet Monday.

That the interests of the non-union workers were to cut considerable figure in the situation was indicated by the action of employees of the Calumet and Hecla company in circulating a petition asking that the company deny employment to members of the Western Federation. The men told the management of the mine that the company's fight against the union men met with their approval and pointed out that they had gone to work at considerable personal risk.

The petition followed the lines of a similar document presented to the Copper Range Consolidated company several days ago. The fact was emphasized that today's action was taken by the men without solicitation from the company. Representative W. J. McDonald, who has been collecting first hand information of the situation, left for Washington today. He said he had not changed his opinion that a congressional investigation was needed here.

Judge McPherson Recovers. Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 3.—Judge Smith McPherson of the United States court for the southern district of Iowa, who was forced to leave a train here yesterday on account of illness, had entirely recovered today. He continued his trip to Morenci, Ind., to visit his sister.

KERMIT ROOSEVELT SAID TO HAVE FALLEN OFF CHRISTMAS TREE

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
Richmond, Va., Jan. 3.—Post-

sonal letters received here today from Madrid by friends of Ambassador Willard report the engagement of the ambassador's daughter, Mrs. Belle Willard, to Kermit Roosevelt, son of Theodore Roosevelt.

The group of union labor leaders was to be strengthened by the arrival of John Mitchell, former vice president of the American Federation of Labor. It was uncertain however,

whether he would reach here in time to participate in the conference with Mr. Debsmore.

GOVERNOR RESENTS FEDERAL INTERVENTION

Big Rapids, Mich., Jan. 3.—Governor Ferris was plainly disappointed when he learned today that the department of justice had ordered Edward J. Bowman, acting United States district attorney at Grand Rapids, to investigate the alleged deportation of Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners from the Calumet copper mine.

"It is strange that they could not let us attend to that business, at least until we tell down," said the governor. "I am not afraid of investigations; but why should I not be allowed to attend to our own affairs?" There is no reason for the government taking that affair up. We are eagerly waiting for Moyer to come back and testify."

The last telegram received at Lansing was forwarded here from John Denmore of the department of labor in which Denmore informed the governor that he cannot outline his proposed strike settlement plan at the present time.

Governor Ferris is nearly exhausted

as the result of the trying times of the last few weeks and he is spending the weekend at his home here.

TAXPAYERS' LEAGUE DRIVES OUT RIOTERS

Steamboat Springs, Colo., Jan. 3.—Sixty members of the United Mine Workers of America, charged with rioting and assault in connection with the Colorado miners' strike, were sent out of town today by the Routt County Taxpayers' League. The league then issued a proclamation announcing that every miner in the county must find work or leave. Frank Garner, a state organizer of the United Mine Workers, sent a telegram to President Wilson protesting against the action of the league.

The seven men were on trial in court here when a delegation from the league entered the court room and marched the defendants out with a notice that they must leave town.

ATTEMPTS TO COEXISTENCE HAVE REACHED CRISIS

Houghton, Mich., Jan. 3.—Attempts of John H. Denmore, of the department of labor, to conciliate the warring interests in the copper miners' strike, reached a crisis today. The views of the mining companies' representatives on propositions advanced in a telegram received by the unions' attorneys yesterday were sent to the federal official and he so notified the Western Federation of Miners' men.

A few hours later the federal's representatives joined Mr. Denmore at the latter's hotel. It was intimated that the latest communications from the two sides contained their "last words." There was a feeling, however, that unless the companies had flatly refused to continue the discussion, legitimate hopes for a successful termination of Mr. Denmore's mission might yet be entertained.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY HAS RECEIVED NO INSTRUCTIONS

Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 3.—Edward J. Bowman, acting United States attorney, said today he had received no official instructions from the department of justice with reference to an investigation into the Moyer incident at Calumet. Mr. Bowman was appointed acting district attorney yesterday to fill the vacancy caused by the recent removal from office of Fred C. Wetmore.

A few hours later the federal's representatives joined Mr. Denmore at the latter's hotel. It was intimated that the latest communications from the two sides contained their "last words."

There was a feeling, however, that unless the companies had flatly refused to continue the discussion, legitimate hopes for a successful termination of Mr. Denmore's mission might yet be entertained.

CORN PRICE HITS TOBOGGAN ON MARKET IN CHICAGO

Washington, D. C., Jan. 3.—The roundabout Yorktown, on route from San Diego to Mazatlan on the west coast of Mexico, reported her arrival today at Ensenada on the bay of Todos Santos. Americans in Ensenada asked for a warship.

The threatening situation at Ensenada, according to today's official despatches, grows out of the failure of the federal troops to receive their pay. Efforts are being made to raise the money by contributions from business men. The federals are forcing delivery of fuel oil to the railroad near Tampico. From San Luis Potosi it is reported that railways to the west, north and east have been cut about thirty miles from the city which is threatened by constitutional forces from the north.

"Well, I did not see them if they were there."

The president said that while Mr. Lind was not exactly enjoying his long stay in Mexico, he was perfectly willing to stay there and was deeply interested in the situation.

Mr. Wilson apparently attached little importance to the Lind episode, pointing out that the proximity of his personal envoy, coincident with his own vacation on the Mississippi coast had been, as much as anything else, a motive for the conference.

The president laid emphasis on the fact that nothing specific, such as the removal of the embargo on arms or similar moves had been discussed. He said that the Chester would leave for Vera Cruz this afternoon and that Mr. Lind would remain there indefinitely.

DELAYED MAIL FROM MEN ON THE WARSHIPS

Gulfport, Miss., Jan. 3.—The coming to this port of the scout cruiser Chester, bringing John Lind from Vera Cruz, gave the vessel's officers a chance to dispose of a great deal of delayed mail from the warships that have been in Mexican waters. Much of it was said, was posted by the men of the ships before Christmas.

GENERAL JONES AND FOOTSOKE BAND ARE GAME

Suffragist Leader and Cohorts Nervily Bid Defiance to Corns and Weariness.

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
Newburgh, N. Y., Jan. 3.—Some-what footsore but full of courage, General Rosalie Jones and her suffragist hikers left Jones Point this morning at 8 o'clock, en route for Newburgh. Today's march took them through the Palisades state park, past West Point and over the Sleepy Hollow, Old Crow's Nest and Storm King. It was snowing when the hikers started.